

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET



OLYMPIC HORTICULTURAL PRODUCTS, CO.
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800-659-6745

Approval Date: 02/13/97
Supersedes: None

TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY
CALL CHEMTREC 800-424-9300
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA..... 202-483-7616

NON-TRANSPORTATION
OLYMPIC/BAYER EMERGENCY PHONE .800-414-0244
OLYMPIC INFORMATION PHONE800-659-6745

MARATHON® 60 WP GREENHOUSE and NURSERY INSECTICIDE in WATER SOLUBLE PACKAGING

EPA Registration Number: 3125-492-59807

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION:

PRODUCT NAME Marathon 60 WP Greenhouse and
Nursery Insecticide in Water Soluble
Packaging
CHEMICAL FAMILY Chloronicotinyl
CHEMICAL NAME 1-((6-chloro-3-pyridinyl)methyl)-N-
nitro-2-imidazolidinimine
SYNONYMS Imidacloprid; BAY NTN 33893
FORMULA C9 H10 Cl N5 O2
PRODUCT USE Commercial Insecticide

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS:

INGREDIENT NAME
/ CAS NUMBER EXPOSURE LIMITS CONCENTRATION (%)

*** HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS ***

Imidacloprid
138261-41-3 OSHA: Not Established60%
ACGIH: Not Established

Ingredient 1968
Specific chemical identity is withheld as a trade secret.
OSHA: Not Established3 - 5%
ACGIH: Not Established

Ingredient 1611
Specific chemical identity is withheld as a trade secret.
OSHA: Not Established10 - 20%
ACGIH: Not Established

Total crystalline silica (quartz)
14808-60-7 OSHA: .10 mg / m3 TWA (respirable)< 1%
ACGIH: .10 mg / m3 TWA (respirable)

Ingredient 1606
Specific chemical identity is withheld as a trade secret.
OSHA: 5.00 mg / m3 TWA (respirable) ..10 - 20%
ACGIH: 2.00 mg / m3 TWA (respirable)

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION:

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

CAUTION! Color: Off-white to light tan; Form: Powder;
Odor: Mild, musty; Harmful if inhaled or ingested; Harmful
if absorbed through skin; Causes eye irritation.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

ROUTE (S) OF ENTRY Inhalation; Skin Contact; Skin
Absorption

HUMAN EFFECTS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

ACUTE EFFECTS OF EXPOSURE: No specific symp-
toms of acute overexposure are known to occur in humans. Animal
studies have shown that this material is mildly toxic by the oral and
dermal routes. It is minimally irritating to the conjunctiva of the eye
but the irritation is reversible within 24 hours. It is a slight dermal irri-
tant, but is not a dermal sensitizer.

CHRONIC EFFECTS OF EXPOSURE: Based on animal
studies, no adverse effects or symptoms would be expected from
chronic exposure to the active ingredient in this product during nor-

mal use. This product may contain up to approximately 0.7% total
crystalline silica. However, the amount of respirable crystalline silica
is expected to be significantly lower based on data provided by the
raw material manufacturer. Excessive long-term exposure to res-
pirable crystalline silica may cause silicosis, a form of progressive
pulmonary fibrosis. Severe and permanent lung damage may result.
CARINOGENICITY: Marathon 60 WP is
not listed as a carcinogen by NTP or IARC, or regulated as a car-
cinogen by OSHA. However, it may contain crystalline silica (quartz),
a substance which is classified by NTP as a Group 2 carcinogen and
by IARC as a Group 2A carcinogen. Crystalline silica is a naturally-
occurring mineral component of many sands and clays. Considerable controversy exists regarding the carcinogenic potential
of crystalline silica in humans, but based on animal data, the poten-
tial must be considered relevant if crystalline silica is inhaled under
excessive exposure conditions. However, the respirable portion of
the silica which may be contained in this product is small, such that
excessive inhalation exposure during normal conditions of use is
unlikely.

NTP: Crystalline silica is
classified as an NTP Anticipated Human Carcinogen - "Substances
or group of substances that may reasonably be anticipated to be car-
cinogens."

IARC: "IARC Monographs
on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Humans",
Vol. 42 - for Crystalline Silica (Quartz) - determined that "There is
sufficient evidence for the carcinogenicity of crystalline silica to
experimental animals. There is limited evidence for the carcino-
genicity of crystalline silica to humans."

OSHA: Not regulated

MEDICAL CONDITIONS

AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: No specific medical
conditions are known which may be aggravated by exposure to the
active ingredient in this product. However, pulmonary and respira-
tory diseases may be aggravated by exposure to respirable crys-
talline silica.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES:

FIRST AID FOR EYES: Hold eyelids open
and flush with copious amounts of water for 15 minutes. Call a physi-
cian if irritation persists or develops after flushing.

FIRST AID FOR SKIN: Remove contami-
nated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water. Get medical atten-
tion if irritation persists. If signs of intoxication (poisoning) occur, get
medical attention immediately.

FIRST AID FOR INHALATION: First, remove victim
to fresh air or uncontaminated area. If not breathing, give artificial res-
piration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. Get medical attention as soon as
possible.

FIRST AID FOR INGESTION: If ingestion is sus-
pected, call a physician or poison control center. Drink one or two
glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with
finger, or, if available, by administering syrup of ipecac. If syrup of
ipecac is available, administer 1 tablespoonful (15mL) of syrup of
ipecac followed by 1 to 2 glasses of water. If vomiting does not occur
within 20 minutes, repeat the dose once. Do not induce vomiting or
give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Treat symptomati-
cally. In case of poisoning, it is also requested that Bayer Corp.,
Agriculture Division, Kansas City, Missouri, be notified. Telephone:
800-414-0244

ANTIDOTES: None

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5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES:

FLASH POINT: Not Applicable
FLAMMABLE LIMITS:
UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (UEL) (%): Not Established
LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (LEL) (%): Not Established
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Water; Carbon Dioxide;
Dry Chemical; Foam
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES.: Keep out of smoke,
cool exposed containers with water spray. Fight fire from upwind
position. Use self-contained breathing equipment. Contain run-off
by diking to prevent entry into sewers or waterways. Equipment or
materials involved in pesticide fires may become contaminated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES:

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES: Isolate area and
keep unauthorized people away. Do not walk through spilled material.
Avoid breathing dusts and skin contact. Avoid generating dust (a
fine water spray mist, plastic film cover, or floor sweeping compound
may be used if necessary). Use recommended protective equipment
while carefully sweeping up spilled material. Place in covered container
for reuse or disposal. Scrub contaminated area with soap and
water. Rinse with water. Use dry absorbent material such as clay
granules to absorb and collect wash solution for proper disposal.
Contaminated soil may have to be removed and disposed. Do not allow
material to enter streams, sewers, or other waterways.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE:

STORAGE TEMPERATURE (MIN / MAX): None / 30 day average
not to exceed 100 F
SHELF LIFE: Not noted
SPECIAL SENSITIVITY: Not noted
HANDLING / STORAGE PRECAUTIONS: Store in a cool dry
area designated specifically for pesticides. Do not store near any
material intended for use or consumption by humans or animals.

8. PERSONAL PROTECTION:

EYE PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS: Goggles should be
used when needed to prevent dust from getting into the eyes.
SKIN PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS: Wear long sleeves
and trousers to prevent skin contact.
HAND PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS: The use of chemical-resistant
gloves to prevent skin contact is recommended as good practice.
VENTILATION REQUIREMENTS: Control exposure
levels through the use of general and local exhaust ventilation where
needed.
RESPIRATOR REQUIREMENTS: Under normal handling
conditions, no respiratory protection is needed; however, when
potential exposure to product dust is excessive, wear a NIOSH-
approved respirator for dusts and mists or for pesticides.
ADDITIONAL PROTECTIVE MEASURES: Clean water should
be available for washing in case of eye or skin contamination.
Educate and train employees in safe use of the product. Follow all
label instructions. Launder clothing after use. Wash thoroughly after
handling.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

PHYSICAL FORM: Powder
COLOR: Off-white to light tan
ODOR: Mild, musty
MOLECULAR WEIGHT: 255.7 (for imidacloprid)
BOILING POINT: Not applicable
MELTING / FREEZING POINT: Melting: 120 - 134 C
(for imidacloprid)
SOLUBILITY IN WATER: 500 ppm (for imidacloprid)
SPECIFIC GRAVITY: Not applicable
BULK DENSITY: 14 - 17 lbs / cu ft
(fluffed)
VAPOR PRESSURE: 1.5 x 10⁻⁹ mm @
20 C (for imidacloprid)

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY:

STABILITY: This is a stable
material.
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.
INCOMPATIBILITIES: None known.
INSTABILITY CONDITIONS: Strong exothermal
reaction above 200 C (for imidacloprid).
DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Proposed: decomposition
products under extreme conditions such as fire are: HCl,
HCN, CO, NOx (for imidacloprid).

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Acute toxicology information provided below has been extrapolated
from a similar formulation, containing a higher percentage of the active
ingredient, imidacloprid. The non-acute information pertains to the technical-grade
active ingredient.

ACUTE TOXICITY:

ORAL LD50: Male Rat: 2591 mg / kg;
Female Rat: 1858 mg / kg.
DERMAL LD50: Male and Female Rat:
> 2000 mg / kg.
INHALATION LC50: 4 Hr. Exposure to
Liquid Aerosol: Male Rat: 2.65 mg / L (analytical); Female Rat: 2.75
mg / L (analytical) — 1 Hr. Exposure to Liquid Aerosol (extrapolated
from 4 Hr. LC50): Male Rat: 10.6 mg / L (analytical); Female
Rat: 11.0 mg / L (analytical).

EYE EFFECTS: Rabbit: Only minimal
irritation to the conjunctiva was observed with all remarkable irritation
resolving by 24 hours.

SKIN EFFECTS: Rabbit: Slight dermal
irritant.

SENSITIZATION: Guinea Pig: Not a
dermal sensitizer.

SUBCHRONIC TOXICITY: In a 3 week dermal
toxicity study, rabbits were treated with the active ingredient, imidacloprid,
at the limit dose level of 1000 mg / kg for 6 hours / day, 5 days / week.
There were no local or systemic effects observed at any of the levels tested.
The no-observed-effect-level (NOEL) was 1000 mg / kg. In a 4 week inhalation
study, rats were exposed to dust concentrations of imidacloprid at 5.5, 30.5
and 191.2 mg / cubic meter for 6 hours / day, 5 days / week. Effects observed
at the high concentration included decreased body weight gains, decreased
heart and thymus weights, increased liver weights, and induction of the
hepatic mixed-function oxidases. Histopathological examinations did not
reveal any organ damage or local injury to the respiratory tract. The NOEL
was 5.5 mg / cubic meter based on induction of the hepatic mixed-function
oxidases.

CHRONIC TOXICITY: Dogs were administered
imidacloprid for 1 year at dietary concentrations of 200, 500 or 1250 ppm.
Due to the lack of significant effects, the high dose was increased to 2500
ppm at 17 weeks for the remainder of the study. Effects observed at the high
dose included decreased food consumption, increased liver weights and elevated
serum chemistries. The NOEL was 500 ppm. In chronic studies using rats,
imidacloprid was administered for 2 years to rats at dietary concentrations of
100, 300, 900 or 1800 ppm. Histopathology examinations revealed an increased
incidence of mineralization in the colloid of the thyroid follicles at
concentrations of 300 ppm and greater. At 1800 ppm, there were changes in
the serum chemistries and a slight increase in the incidence of parafollicular
hyperplasia seen in the thyroids. Body weight gains were reduced at 900 and
1800 ppm. The overall NOEL was 100 ppm.

CARCINOGENICITY: Imidacloprid was investigated
for carcinogenicity in chronic feeding studies using mice and rats at maximum
levels of 2000 and 1800 ppm, respectively. There was no evidence of a
carcinogenic potential observed in either species.

MUTAGENICITY: The imidacloprid mutagenicity studies,
taken collectively, demonstrate that the active ingredient is not genotoxic
or mutagenic.

DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: In a teratology study
using rats, imidacloprid was administered by oral gavage during gestation
at doses of 10, 30 or 100 mg / kg. At the maternally toxic dose of 100 mg /
kg, skeletal examinations of the fetuses revealed a slight

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increase in the incidence of wavy ribs. The NOELs for maternal and developmental toxicity were 10 and 30 mg / kg, respectively. Teratogenic effects were not observed at any of the doses tested. Rabbits were administered imidacloprid during gestation at oral doses of 8, 24 or 72 mg / kg. At the maternally toxic dose of 72 mg / kg, reduced body weights and delayed skeletal ossification were observed in the fetuses. The NOELs for maternal and developmental toxicity were 8 and 24 mg / kg, respectively. Teratogenic effects were not observed at any of the doses tested.

REPRODUCTION: In a reproduction study, imidacloprid was administered to rats for 2 generations at dietary concentrations of 100, 250 or 700 ppm. Offspring at 700 ppm, exhibited reduced mean body weights and body weight gain. No other reproductive effects were observed. The maternal and reproductive NOELs were 100 and 250 ppm, respectively.

NEUROTOXICITY: In an acute neurotoxicity study using rats, imidacloprid was administered as a single oral dose at concentrations of 42, 151 or 307 mg / kg. Clinical observations and neurotoxicity evaluations were performed over a period of 15 days followed by a neurohistopathological examination. Deaths attributed to imidacloprid were observed at the high dose within a day of treatment. The NOEL for motor and locomotor activity was 42 mg / kg for males. Females at the low dose exhibited minimal decrease in activity in the figure-eight maze. In a subsequent study, the NOEL for motor and locomotor activity in females was 20 mg / kg. The NOEL for neurotoxicity was 307 mg / kg based on the absence of treatment-related microscopic lesions in skeletal muscle or neural tissue. In a 13 week neurotoxicity study, imidacloprid was administered to rats at dietary concentrations of 140, 963 or 3027 ppm. At the mid-and high dose, effects observed included reductions in body weight and feed consumption, and clinical chemistry findings. Neurobehavioral changes were observed only in males at the high dose. There were no correlative micropathologic findings in muscle or neural tissues in any animals at any treatment level. The NOEL for neurotoxicity was 3027 ppm. The overall NOEL was 140 ppm.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

ECOLOGICAL POSTNOTE: This compound has been thoroughly evaluated for ecological effects. Olympic will provide a summary of specific data upon written request. As with any pesticide, this product should be used according to label directions and should be kept out of streams, lakes and other aquatic habitats of concern. In case of accidents involving environmental release of this material, please call Bayer's emergency number: 1-800-414-0244.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS:

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: Follow container label instructions for disposal of wastes generated during use in compliance with the product label. In other situations, bury in an EPA approved landfill or burn in an incinerator approved for pesticide destruction. Do not reuse container, except as authorized by Olympic Horticultural Products, Co.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION:

TECHNICAL SHIPPING NAME: Imidacloprid
FREIGHT CLASS BULK: Insecticides, NOI-NMFC 102120
FREIGHT CLASS PACKAGE: Insecticides, NOI-NMFC 102120
PRODUCT LABEL: Not noted

DOT (DOMESTIC SURFACE):
HAZARD CLASS OR DIVISION: Non-Regulated

IMO / IMDG CODE (OCEAN):
HAZARD CLASS DIVISION NUMBER ...: Non-Regulated

ICAO / IATA (AIR):
HAZARD CLASS DIVISION NUMBER ...: Non-Regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION:

OSHA STATUS: This product is hazardous under the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA STATUS: This product is exempt from TSCA Regulation under FIFRA Section 3 (2) (B) (ii) when used as a pesticide.

CERCLA REPORTABLE QUANTITY: No components listed.

SARA TITLE III:

SECTION 302 EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE: None

SECTION 311 / 312 HAZARD CATEGORIES: Immediate Health Hazard

SECTION 313

TOXIC CHEMICALS: None
RCRA STATUS: If discarded in its purchased form, this product would not be a hazardous waste either by listing or by characteristic. However, under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal, whether a material containing the product or derived from the product should be classified as a hazardous waste. (40 CFR 261.20 - 24).

16. OTHER INFORMATION:

NFPA 704M RATINGS: Health 1 Flammability 1 Reactivity 1 Other 0
0=Insignificant 1=Slight 2=Moderate 3=High 4=Extreme

Olympic's method of hazard communication is comprised of Product Labels and Material Safety Data Sheets. NFPA ratings are provided by Olympic as a customer service.

REASON FOR NEW ISSUE: Create new MSDS

APPROVAL DATE: 02 / 13 / 97

SUPERSEDES DATE: None

MSDS NUMBER: 26730

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